

**Year 9 Autumn 2**

**Homework Booklet**

[](http://www.google.co.uk/imgres?imgurl=http://www.inspirationalfriends.co.uk/assets/images/book2.jpg&imgrefurl=http://www.inspirationalfriends.co.uk/Law%20of%20Attraction.shtml&usg=__X5Q50eq-ajIOPwkn4ced9oPJckY=&h=1050&w=1050&sz=108&hl=en&start=13&zoom=1&tbnid=dxs9GBBOLYp2xM:&tbnh=150&tbnw=150&ei=3lnsT-yCNuGw0QXw-8H6DA&prev=/search?q=books&um=1&hl=en&sa=N&sout=1&biw=1280&bih=563&tbm=isch&um=1&itbs=1)

**Responding to poetry**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Teacher: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date of issue: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date Due back in: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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| --- |
| **English**  **Assessment** |
| What went well…?: |
| Even better if…?: |
| What I think…? |

Task One

Keywords: [](http://www.google.co.uk/imgres?imgurl=http://internetadvertisingdictionary.com/images/Open_Book-for-dictionary-site.jpg&imgrefurl=http://internetadvertisingdictionary.com/&usg=__Bp5z43YesfcKuvgOqnJIJ-XyhZw=&h=1600&w=1128&sz=127&hl=en&start=9&zoom=1&tbnid=TB-Hmx7zgG1UGM:&tbnh=150&tbnw=106&ei=OFrsT8vQCOSo0AWc3_D5Dg&prev=/search?q=dictionary&um=1&hl=en&sout=1&biw=1280&bih=563&tbm=isch&um=1&itbs=1)

Find definitions of these keywords

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Rhyme |  |
| Rhythm |  |
| Alliteration |  |
| Simile |  |
| Metaphor |  |
| Stanza |  |
| Personification |  |
| theme |  |
| onomatopoeia |  |
| context |  |

Task Two: Read this poem and answer the questions afterwards.

# Timothy Winters

Vocabulary –

Britches = trousers

Welfare State = organisation set up to make sure everyone got basic care

Grate = fireplace

Helves = hammer away at

Questions –

1. Pick out an effective simile from the poem.
2. Now select a metaphor that works well.
3. Draw a line to some alliteration used in the poem.
4. Which lines rhyme?
5. How many beats are there in each line? (tip – try counting the syllables).
6. With this quite bouncy rhythm and regular rhyme scheme, what sort of poem does this seem to be?

Timothy Winters comes to school  
With eyes as wide as a football pool,  
Ears like bombs and teeth like splinters:  
A blitz of a boy is Timothy Winters.  
  
His belly is white, his neck is dark,  
And his hair is an exclamation mark.  
His clothes are enough to scare a crow  
And through his britches the blue winds blow.  
  
When teacher talks he won't hear a word  
And he shoots down dead the arithmetic-bird,  
He licks the patterns off his plate  
And he's not even heard of the Welfare State.  
  
Timothy Winters has bloody feet  
And he lives in a house on Suez Street,  
He sleeps in a sack on the kitchen floor  
And they say there aren't boys like him any more.  
  
Old man Winters likes his beer  
And his missus ran off with a bombardier.  
Grandma sits in the grate with a gin  
And Timothy's dosed with an aspirin.  
  
The Welfare Worker lies awake  
But the law's as tricky as a ten-foot snake,  
So Timothy Winters drinks his cup  
And slowly goes on growing up.  
  
At Morning Prayers the Master helves  
For children less fortunate than ourselves,  
And the loudest response in the room is when  
Timothy Winters roars "Amen!"  
  
So come one angel, come on ten:  
Timothy Winters says "Amen  
Amen amen amen amen."  
Timothy Winters, Lord.  
                  Amen!

Author Notes

To quote Causley himself "People always ask me whether this was a real boy. My God, He certainly was. Poor old boy, I don't know where he is now. I was thunderstuck when people thought I'd made it up! -he was a real bloke. Poor little devil." (Charles Causley)

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Task Three

Read the poem ‘Timothy Winters’ again.

\_1)What is Timothy’s school life like? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2) How is he treated at home? Give some evidence from the poem to support your answer ( pick out a phrase or a line).

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3) How does the writer want you to feel about Timothy and his life? Pick out two or three lines which you think are effective in creating an impact.

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4) Look at what the writer says after the poem. This gives you some **context**. What do you think his reasons were for writing this poem?

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Task Four:Responding to poetry

Look closely at this translation of a poem originally written in Russian by Andrei Voznesensky.

First Ice

A girl freezes in a telephone booth.

In her draughty overcoat she hides

A face all smeared

In tears and lipstick.

She breathes on her thin palms.

Her fingers are icy. She wears earrings.

She’ll have to go home alone, alone.

Along the icy street.

First ice. It is the first time.

The first ice of telephone phrases.

Frozen tears glitter on her cheeks –

The first ice of human hurt.

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Having read the poem, imagine they are going to make a video to be shown alongside a reading of the poem. Storyboard three images from the poem quoting the lines or phrases your images refer to.

Image 1 -- quotation\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_Image 2 - quotation\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Image 3 -quotation\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Now decide upon the girl’s story. What do you think has happened to her? Explain why you come to this decision.**

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Task Five: Comparing poems

As the poem ‘First Ice’ was translated from its original language, it changes depending upon the person translating it.

Compare the first version you read with these two other translations. Look at how the meaning can be changed just by small alterations in the words used.

The First Ice

In the telephone box the girl freezes,

her face is smeared with running tears

and lipstick, she huddles, peers

out from her chilly collar, aches –

blows upon her thin little paws –

icicle fingers! Earrings flash.

Back – alone as she is, along

the long lonely, icy lane.

The first ice. The first time, it was

first ice cracking in phoned phrases –

the frozen track shines on her cheeks –

first ice on her insulting ears.

.

First Frost

A girl is freezing in a telephone booth,

huddled in her flimsy coat,

her faced stained by tears

and smeared with lipstick.

She breathes on her thin little fingers.

Fingers like ice. Glass beads in her ears.

She has to beat her way back alone

down the icy street.

First frost. A beginning of losses.

The first frost of telephone phrases.

It is the start of winter glittering on her cheek,

the first frost of having been hurt.

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1. Compare the different titles of the three poems and look at how their layouts are different. What is the impact of the differences?

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1. Now look at the way the girl is described in the first six lines of each poem. What differences do you see?

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1. Which poem was most effective and why?

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3) The end of the poem deals with what final happens to the girl. How are the three versions different?

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4) Which poem do you think was most effective? Explain your answer.

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Task Six: -- poetry and its context.

In Flanders Fields

In Flanders fields the poppies blow  
Between the crosses, row on row,  
That mark our place; and in the sky  
The larks, still bravely singing, fly  
Scarce heard amid the guns below.



We are the Dead. Short days ago  
We lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow,  
Loved and were loved, and now we lie  
In Flanders fields.

Take up our quarrel with the foe:  
To you from failing hands we throw  
The torch; be yours to hold it high.  
If ye break faith with us who die  
We shall not sleep, though poppies grow  
In Flanders fields.

John McCrae

**Inspiration for the poem ‘In Flanders Fields’ by John McCrae**

|  |
| --- |
| Major John McCrae, second in command of the 1st Brigade Canadian Field Artillery during the Second Battle of Ypres in April and May 1915. |
|  |

It is thought that doctor **John McCrae** (30th November 1872 — 28th January 1918) began the draft for his famous poem ‘In Flanders Fields’ on the evening of the 2nd May, 1915 in the second week of fighting during the Second Battle of Ypres.

It is believed that the death of his friend, Alexis Helmer, was the inspiration for McCrae's poem ‘In Flanders Fields’. The exact details of when the first draft was written may never be known because there are various accounts by those who were with McCrae at that time.

* One account says that he was seen writing the poem sitting on the rearstep of an ambulance the next day while looking at Helmer's grave and the vivid red poppies that were springing up amongst the graves in the burial ground.
* Another account says that McCrae was so upset after Helmer's burial that he wrote the poem in twenty minutes in an attempt to compose himself.

John McCrae, was serving as a Major and a military doctor and was second in command of the 1st Brigade Canadian Field Artillery. The field guns of his brigade’s batteries were in position on the west bank of the Ypres-Yser canal, about two kilometres to the north of Ypres. The brigade had arrived there in the early hours of 23rd April.

\_What the poet is trying to get across to his audience -\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

How can we see the influence of the context in this poem? (How is it influenced by where he is and what is happening around him?) Does he mention places? What is taking place? What he can see?

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